

Map 2 Past and Future Hazards Map Rye, New Hampshire

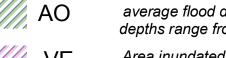


ZONE

Area inundated by 1% annual chance flooding, for which no base flood elevations(BFEs) have been determined



Area inundated by 1% annual chance flooding, for which base flood elevations have been determined



An alluvial fan inundated by 1% annual chance flooding, for which average flood depths and velocities have been determined; flood depths range from 1 to 3 feet.

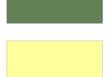


Area inundated by 1% annual chance flooding with velocity hazard (wave action); BFEs have been determined. Area inundated by 0.2% annual chance flooding; an area inundated by 1% annual chance flooding with average depths of less than 1 foot

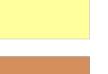
or with drainage areas less than 1 square mile; or an area protected by levees from 1% annual chance flooding.

Hurricane Surge Inundation





Catergory 2 Hurricane



Catergory 3 Hurricane

Catergory 4 Hurricane



Local Areas of Inland or Coastal Flooding Concern



BASE FEATURES

Surface Water Features
Stream, Shoreline
Intermittent Stream
Other Water Feature
Bodies of Water **USGS Wetlands Adjacent Municipalities**

Past and future hazards were identified by the Hazard Mitigation Planning Committee from the Town of Rye. Information was gathered to accompany the development of a Hazard Mitigation Plan under the guidance and funding of the NH Bureau of Emergency Management. April, 2004.

Flood Hazard Areas on this map were received from GRANIT, Complex Systems Research Center, UNH in February 2004. This data is a pre-release of data that will be published by the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) National Flood Insurance Program, Flood Hazard Maps. This is preliminary data subject to revision. For more information about flood hazard areas, consult the following website: http://www.fema.gov.

Hurricane Surge Inundation Mapping was provided to the Rockingham Planning Commission by the US Army Corps of Engineers, New England District. Hurricane Surge elevations were determined by the National Hurricane Center using the SLOSH Model (Sea, Lake and Overland Surge from Hurricanes), and assumes peak hurricane surge arrives at mean high tide. These inundation zones depict the worst case combination of hurricane landfall location, forward speed, and direction for each hurricane category.

Base data (town boundaries, hydrography, roads, railroads and utility lines) are taken from the USGS Digital Line Graph data, 1:24,000, as archived in the GRANIT database at Complex Systems Research Center, Institute for the study of Earth, Oceans and Space, University of New Hampshire, Durham, NH; 1992-1999. Roads have been updated from work done by Rockingham Planning Commission and NH Department of Transportation. Partial updates have been completed through 2000.