Phragmites on your private property?

What a homeowner can do

- contact one of the three organizations below for detailed information
- eliminate or reduce fertilizer, herbicide and pesticide use
- increase the width of wetland buffers by maintaining or planting native trees and shrubs, see
- reduce pavement and lawn size | SEP|
- avoid planting Phragmites seavoid transporting Phragmites -- dead or alive
- share best management practices with your neighbors and friends

Who to contact to get accurate information and to learn the process

Rockingham County - Forester Greg Jordan at UNH Cooperative Extension 603-679-5616

Forestry Information Center, Durham NH 603-862-3883

NH Department of Agriculture, Markets and Food, Division of Pesticide Control, Concord, NH Invasive Species Coordinator, Doug Cygan, 603-271-3550

Rye Conservation Commission and RCCD (Rockingham County Conservation District) joint efforts:

http://www.town.rye.nh.us/Pages/RyeNH_BComm/Conservation/index

http://www.rockinghamccd.org/

Since 2010 through funding from NRCS (Natural Resources Conservation Service) – Rye was able to have a <u>licensed</u> contractor treat invasive plants and phragmites at several town salt marsh sites and a small portion of the Town Forest. The sites are as follows:

- Awcomin Salt Marsh
- Marsh Road salt marsh
- Fairhill Marsh salt marsh
- Wallis Road/Brackett salt marsh
- Small portion of Rye Town Forest
- Airport strip land behind Skate park
- Goss Farm

Once the areas are under control, Rockingham County Conservation District (RCCD) can complete invasive control practices and other restoration initiatives (pollinator habitat, native plantings, etc.) The permitting process is through the NH Dept. of Agriculture.